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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/682,533	10/10/2003	Yuki Kanno	086142-0587	9724	
	7590 10/09/2001 LARDNER LLP	EXAMINER			
SUITE 500			TO, TOAN C		
3000 K STREET NW WASHINGTON, DC 20007			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application	No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/682,533		KANNO ET AL.		
		Examiner		Art Unit		
		Toan C. To		3616		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the c	over sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Faill Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Do consions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 TO SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. TO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS 36(a). In no event will apply and will e e, cause the applica	S COMMUNICATION, however, may a reply be timexpire SIX (6) MONTHS from the strong to become ABANDONED	I. sely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
2a)⊠	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>9-21-2007</u> . 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-22 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from cons				
Applicat	ion Papers					
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on <u>10 October 2003</u> is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	∶a)⊠ accep drawing(s) be tion is required	held in abeyance. See if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
2) Notice 3) Infor	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da) Notice of Informal Pa) Other:			

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DETAILED ACTION

Request for Continued Examination (RCE)

1. The request for continued examination filed on September 21, 2007 under 37 CFR 1.114 based on parent Application No. 10/682,533 is acceptable and a RCE has been established. An action on the RCE follows.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-15, and 20-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Garner et al (U.S 5,527,063) view of Desprez (U.S. 6,595,543).

Garner et al discloses a cover for an airbag module comprising: a plate member (80) having a top surface to be exposed to a vehicle cabin and a back surface, wherein the plate member (80) is configured to be mated with an instrument panel (14); and a frame member (22) extending from and directly abutting the back surface of the plate member; wherein the plate member (80) and the frame member (22) are configured to be formed separately and joined after formation; wherein the frame member includes a first opening for the airbag (20) such that the frame member (22) does not deform when the airbag is being deployed, and a second opening configured to be connected to a retainer (30) for retaining the airbag, and wherein a portion of

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the plate member (80) is completely over the first opening of the frame member (22) such that the portion of the back surface over the first opening is completely exposed to the airbag (20); and the entire periphery of the first opening of the frame member (22) directly abuts the back surface of the plate member (80); wherein the frame member (22) includes a base portion (24) and an extension member (26, 28), and the base portion (24) is jointed with the back surface of the plate member (80); wherein the extension member (26, 28) extends in a direction away from the back surface of the plate member (80); wherein the base portion (24) extends from the extension member (26, 28) in a direction away from a center portion of the plate member (80) and in a direction toward an edge portion of the plate member (80).

Garner et al discloses every elements of the invention as discussed above except that the plate member is a thermoplastic elastomer; and the frame member is formed of thermoplastic synthesic resin.

Desprez teaches the invention wherein the plate member (4) is a thermoplastic elastomer (see column 2, lines 60-65) and the frame member (6) is formed of thermoplastic synthesic resin (see column 3, lines 7-11). It would have been obvious design choice for one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the plate member and the frame member of Garner et al by the material as taught by Desprez since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. In this case using teaching of Desprez to modify the plate member and the frame member of Garner et al to ensure proper performance of the airbag module in order to protect occupant.

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With respect to claims 4-5 and 9-10, Garner et al further discloses the frame member includes a base portion, and an extension member but fails to disclose that a vibration weld bond between the base portion and the back surface of the plate member.

With respect to claims 4-5 and 9-10, Desprez teaches a cover for an airbag module, wherein a vibration weld bond (36, see column 3, line 67) between the base portion (22) and the back surface of the plate member (4) and the frame member (6). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the joint between the plate member and frame member of Garner et al by using teaching of Desprez in order to ensure performance of the airbag module upon collision.

With respect to claims 13-15, Garner et al discloses every elements of the invention as discussed above except that the plate member includes a projection formed on the back surface; wherein the base portion includes an aperture; and wherein the aperture is configured to accept the projection; wherein the projection is received in the aperture; wherein an engagement between the projection and the aperture is undetachable.

With respect to claims 13-15, Desprez teaches a cover for an airbag module, wherein the plate member (4) includes a projection (20) formed on the back surface; wherein the base portion (22) includes an aperture (34); and wherein the aperture (34) is configured to accept the projection (20); wherein the projection (20) is received in the aperture (34); wherein an engagement between the projection (20) and the aperture (34) is undetachable. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the attachment joint between the plate member and the base portion of Garner et al by using the teaching of Desprez in order to alternatively provide different attachment joint

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between the plate member and the frame member for ensuring proper performance of the airbag.

3. Claims 13-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Garner et al and Desprez and further in view of Suzuki et al (U.S. 6,601,870).

The combination of Garner et al and Desprez discloses every elements of the invention as discussed above except that the plate member includes a projection formed on the back surface; wherein the base portion includes an aperture; and wherein the aperture is configured to accept the projection; wherein the projection is received in the aperture; wherein an engagement between the projection and the aperture is undetachable; wherein an end of the projection includes a keeper member, wherein the keeper member is configured to enlarge an end of the projection so that the projection remains engaged with the aperture; wherein the keeper member comprises caulking.

Suzuki et al teaches a cover for an airbag module, wherein the plate member (12) includes a projection (17) formed on the back surface; wherein the base portion (29) includes an aperture (35); and wherein the aperture (35) is configured to accept the projection (17); wherein the projection (17) is received in the aperture (35); wherein an engagement between the projection (17) and the aperture (35) is undetachable; wherein an end of the projection (17) includes a keeper member, wherein the keeper member is configured to enlarge (see figures 5A-5B) an end of the projection so that the projection remains engaged with the aperture (35); wherein the keeper member comprises caulking (see column 7, line 67). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the attachment joint between the plate member and the base portion of Garner et al by using the

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teaching of Suzuki et al in order to alternatively provide different attachment joint between the plate member and the frame member for ensuring proper performance of the airbag.

4. Claims 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Garner et al and Desprez and further in view of Hagen et al (U.S. 5,651,562).

The combination of Garner et al and Desprez fails to teach a cover for an airbag module, wherein the plate member includes a projection formed on the back surface; wherein the base portion includes an aperture; and wherein the aperture is configured to accept the projection; wherein the projection is received in the aperture; a retaining member, wherein the retaining member is attached to an end of the projection so that the projection remains engaged with the opening; wherein the retaining member comprises a clip.

Hagen et al teaches a cover for an airbag module, wherein the plate member (62) includes a projection (150) formed on the back surface; wherein the base portion (28) includes an aperture (30); and wherein the aperture (30) is configured to accept the projection (150); wherein the projection (150) is received in the aperture (30); a retaining member (176), wherein the retaining member is attached to an end of the projection (150) so that the projection remains engaged with the opening; wherein the retaining member comprises a clip (176). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the attachment joint between the plate member and the base portion of Garner et al et al by using the teaching of Hagen et al in order to alternatively provide different attachment joint between the plate member and the frame member for ensuring proper performance of the airbag.

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Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-22 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Toan C. To whose telephone number is (571) 272-6677. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri (8:00-5:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul Dickson can be reached on (571) 272-6669. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Piertronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ТТо

September 28

PATENT EXAMINE